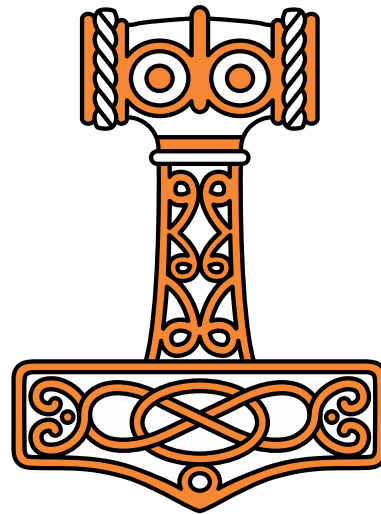




Olhão 2022

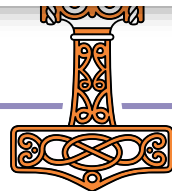
Recent Language Features

Rich Park, Rodrigo Girão Serrão



12.0	2008	August	Unicode support (□AVU , □UCS), □FCOPY , □FPROPS
12.1	2009	November	I-beam (□), Table (□), □XML , □FCHK , User commands
13.0	2011	April	Left (□), Right (□), Variant (□), □OPT , □R , □S , □PROFILE , □RSI , complex number and decimal float support, short arguments for Take , Drop , and Index (□ , □ , □)
13.1	2012	April	□DMX , □FHIST
13.2	2013	January	Array Editor
14.0	2014	June	Trains , Tally (□), Key (□), Rank operator (□), high-rank Index Of , multi-threading with futures and isolates
14.1	2015	June	:Disposable .NET objects and resources, gesture support, many new I-beams
15.0	2016	June	□MKDIR , □NDELETE , □NEXISTS , □NGET , □NINFO , □NPARTS , □INPUT
16.0	2017	June	At (□), Interval Index (□), Where (□), Nest (□), Partition (□), Stencil (□), □JSON , □CSV
17.0	2018	July	□NCOPY , □NMOVE , total array ordering, high-rank Unique
17.1	2019	October	Duplicates in Interval Index (□) look-up array
18.0	2020	June	Atop (□), Over (□), Constant (□), Unique Mask (□), duplicates from Where (□), empty partitions from Partitioned Enclose (□), date-time conversion (□DT), case folding/mapping (□C), launching with text source file, .NET Core support
18.2	2022	March	□ATX , shell scripting

Primitives [\[edit\]](#)



Language Features of version 18.0 in Depth

Adám Brudzewsky

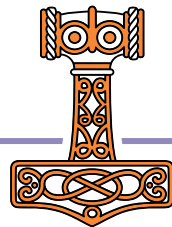


New

`□C` Case convert
`föög` Over
`fög` Atop
`≠Y` Unique mask
`A~` Constant
`□DT` Date-time
`1200I` Format date-time

Improved

`□JSON@` 'HighRank'
`□JSON@` 'Dialect'
`□R/□S@` 'Regex'
`□NPUT@` 'NEOL'
lY
X<Y
↑[k]Y



Dyalog version 18 language features

Primitive operators

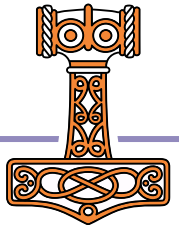
÷ ò ÷

Primitive functions

≠ l c

System functions

⊞C ⊞DT 1200⊞ ⊞JSON ⊞R/⊞S ⊞ATX

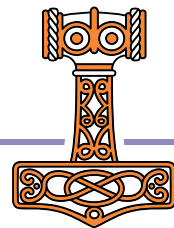


Primitive operators

Function composition

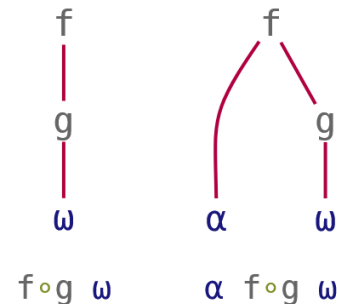
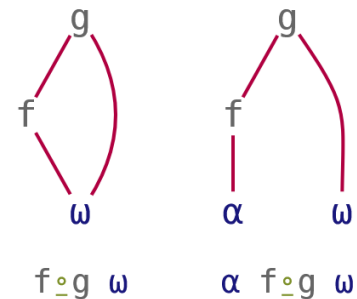
apl.wiki/Function_composition

Composition	Notation	Monadic	Dyadic
Beside	$F \circ G$	$F \ G \ \omega$	$\alpha \ F \ G \ \omega$
Atop	$F \ddot{\circ} G$	$F \ G \ \omega$	$F \ \alpha \ G \ \omega$
Over	$F \ddot{\circ} G$	$F \ G \ \omega$	$(G \ \alpha) F \ (G \ \omega)$
Fork	(FGH)	$(F \ \omega) \ G \ (H \ \omega)$	$(\alpha \ F \ \omega) G (\alpha \ F \ \omega)$
Behind	$F \underline{\circ} G$	$(F \ \omega) \ G \ \omega$	$(F \ \alpha) \ G \ \omega$



Function composition

Composition	Notation	Monadic	Dyadic
Beside	$F \circ G$	$F \ G \ \omega$	$\alpha \ F \ G \ \omega$
Behind	$F \underline{\circ} G$	$(F \ \omega) \ G \ \omega$	$(F \ \alpha) \ G \ \omega$

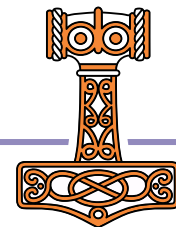


Pre-process right argument

2>°□VFI'' '3 4.2 and 5' '6 7' '12 more'

Pre-process left argument

array pop values



Function composition

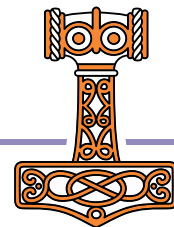
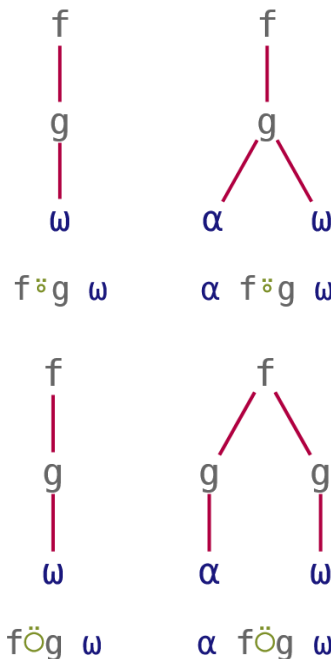
Composition	Notation	Monadic	Dyadic
Atop	$F \ddot{\circ} G$	$F \ G \ \omega$	$F \ \alpha \ G \ \omega$
Over	$F \ddot{\circ} G$	$F \ G \ \omega$	$(G \ \alpha) F \ (G \ \omega)$

Post-process result

3 4 5 $\lfloor \ddot{\circ} \div$ 7 2 9

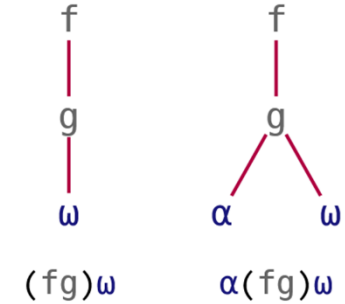
Pre-process both arguments

$\neq \ddot{\circ}$,
 $+ / \ddot{\circ} \neq$



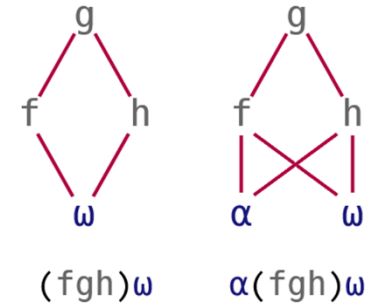
Function composition

Composition	Notation	Monadic	Dyadic
Atop	(FG)	$F \ G \ \omega$	$F \ \alpha \ G \ \omega$
Fork	(FGH)	$(F\omega)G(H\omega)$	$(\alpha F\omega)G(\alpha H\omega)$



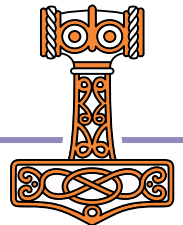
Post-process result

3 4 5 ($\lfloor \div \rfloor$) 7 2 9



Pre-process both arguments

5 2 3.2 8 ($\neq \ddot{o}$, $\equiv +/\ddot{o}\neq$) 'ABCD'



Primitive operators

Function composition

Pre-process right argument

```
2>◦[VFI] '3 4.2 and 5' '6 7' '12 more'
```

Pre-process left argument

```
array pop values
```

Pre-process both arguments

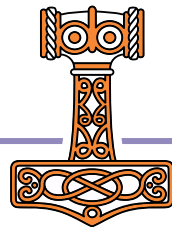
```
vec1 (≠ö,≡+/ö≠) vec2
```

Post-process result

```
3 4 5 [ö÷ 7 2 9
```

Pre-process separately

```
xö_(+.×)÷y
```

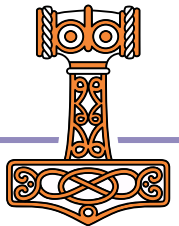


Constant $A \approx$

Lightweight notation

Train $\{A\} \times h$

At $\{A\} @ h$



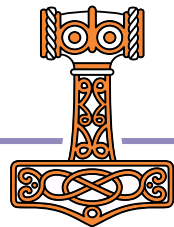
Constant $A \approx$

Lightweight notation

Train $\{A\} \times h$ $A \times h$

At $\{A\} @ h$ $A @ h$

Constant $\{A\}$



Constant $A \approx$

Lightweight notation

Train

$\{A\} \times h$

$A \times h$

At

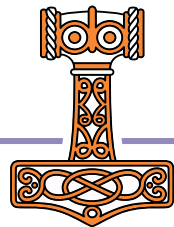
$\{A\} @ h$

$A @ h$

Constant

$\{A\}$

$A \approx$



Constant A[~]

Lightweight notation

3 5p□A

ABCDE
FGHIJ
KLMNO

'jk'~''3 5p□A

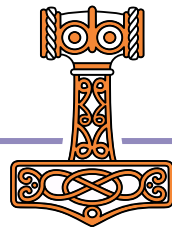
jk	jk	jk	jk	jk
jk	jk	jk	jk	jk
jk	jk	jk	jk	jk

'jk'ρ~ρ3 5p□A

jkjkj
kjkjk
jkjkj

'jk'ρ°c~ρ3 5p□A

jk	jk	jk	jk	jk
jk	jk	jk	jk	jk
jk	jk	jk	jk	jk



Constant A☺

Avoid ugly work-arounds

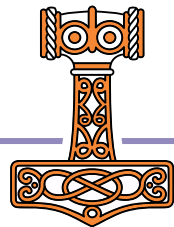
```
mask ← 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 ♦ data ← 'AbcdEfg'
```

```
' ' @ {mask} data
```

```
 bcd fg
```

```
(mask / data) ← ' ' ♦ data
```

```
 bcd fg
```



Constant A[⊂]

Avoid ugly work-arounds

mask[←]1 0 0 0 1 0 0 data[←]'AbcdEfg'

mask{ '□' @ {α} ω } data

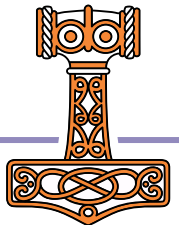
VALUE ERROR

mask{ '□' @ {α} ω } data

^

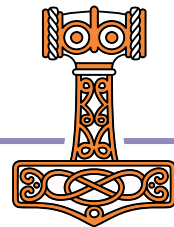
mask{ '□' @ (α[⊂]) ω } data

□bcd□fg



Exercises

<https://is.gd/MXvf9r>



Primitive Functions

Unique mask

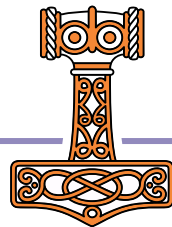
$\neq \omega$

Where

$\underline{\iota} \omega$

Partitioned enclose

$\alpha \subset \omega$



Unique mask $\neq \omega$

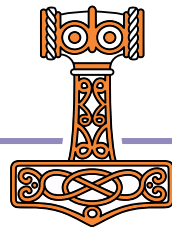
a.k.a. nub-sieve

`u 'Mississippi '`

`M i s p`

`{↑ $\omega(\neq \omega)$ } 'Mississippi '`

M	i	s	s	i	s	s	i	p	p	i
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0



Why, though?

≠ Y

is to

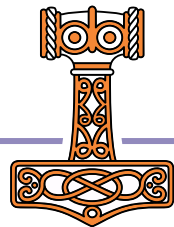
u Y

as

Δ Y

is to

Sort Y



4Y vs Sort Y

Sort 3 1 4 1 5

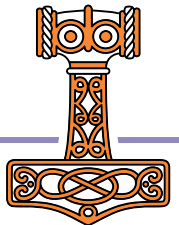
1 1 3 4 5

4 3 1 4 1 5

2 4 1 3 5

'Moses' [2 4 1 3 5]

oeMss



$\neq Y$ vs $\cup Y$

\cup 3 1 4 1 5

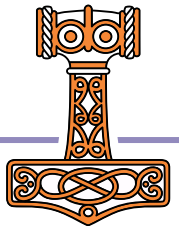
3 1 4 5

\neq 3 1 4 1 5

1 1 1 0 1

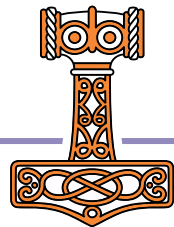
1 1 1 0 1 / 'Moses'

Moss



Where l ω

Now accepts non-negative integers (not just Bool!)



History

PRICE ← 71 82 81 82 84 59

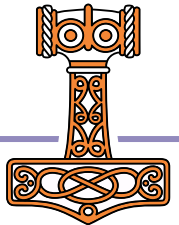
(75 ≤ PRICE) / PRICE

82 81 82 84

(75 ≤ PRICE) / PRICE

2 3 4 5

1960



History

PRICE ← 71 82 81 82 84 59

(75 ≤ PRICE) / PRICE

82 81 82 84

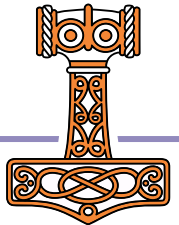
(75 ≤ PRICE) / 1 PRICE

2 3 4 5

1 75 ≤ PRICE

2 3 4 5

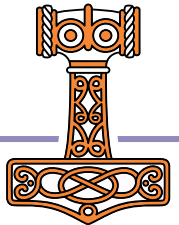
2017



Selection

Using Where

l



Use case: selection

```
fruit←'Apple' 'Banana' 'Cherry' 'Date' 'Elderberry'
```

```
select←1 1 0 1 0
```

```
select/fruit
```

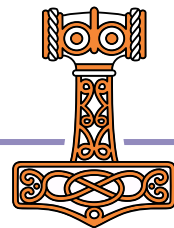
```
Apple  Banana  Date
```

```
select/⌊select
```

```
1 2 4
```

```
⌊select
```

```
1 2 4
```



Use case: selection

```
fruit←'Apple' 'Banana' 'Cherry' 'Date' 'Elderberry'
```

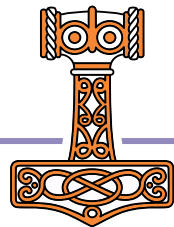
```
select←1 1 0 1 0
```

```
select/fruit
```

```
Apple  Banana  Date
```

```
fruit[1select]
```

```
Apple  Banana  Date
```



Use case: multi-selection

```
fruit←'Apple' 'Banana' 'Cherry' 'Date' 'Elderberry'
```

```
select←1 2 0 1 0
```

```
select/fruit
```

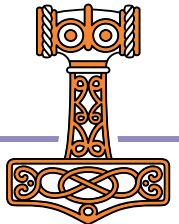
1980

```
Apple  Banana  Banana  Date
```

```
fruit[1select]
```

17.1 ERROR

```
fruit[1select]
```



Use case: multi-selection

```
fruit←'Apple' 'Banana' 'Cherry' 'Date' 'Elderberry'
```

```
select←1 2 0 1 0
```

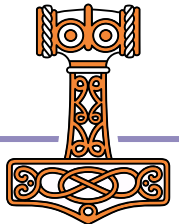
```
select/fruit
```

```
Apple  Banana  Banana  Date
```

```
fruit[1select]
```

```
 Banana  Banana  Date
```

18.0



Use case: multi-dimensional selection

```
spice←'Anise' 'Basil' 'Chili' 'Dill' 'Epazote'
```

```
□←stuff←↑fruit spice
```

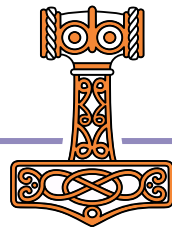
Apple	Banana	Cherry	Date	Elderberry
-------	--------	--------	------	------------

Anise	Basil	Chili	Dill	Epazote
-------	-------	-------	------	---------

```
□←select←↑select (0 0 0 2 0)
```

1	2	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---

0	0	0	2	0
---	---	---	---	---



Use case: multi-dimensional selection

```
stuff[1select]
```

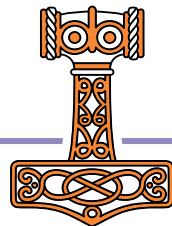
```
Apple  Banana  Banana  Date  Dill  Dill
```

```
select/stuff
```

RANK ERROR

```
select/stuff
```

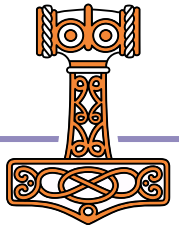
^



Representing a set

Using Where

1



Use case: Representing a set

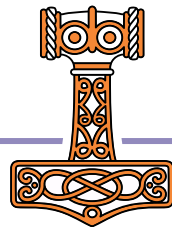
all ← 'a' 'b' 'c' 'd' 'e' 'f'

mask ← 1 0 0 1 0 1

indices ← 1 4 6

indices \equiv l mask

1



Use case: Representing a multi-set

all ← 'a' 'b' 'c' 'd' 'e' 'f'

count ← 1 0 0 3 0 2

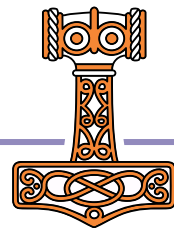
indices ← 1 4 4 4 6 6

indices ≡ 1 count

1

count ≡ ? indices

1



Use case: Representing a multi-set

all ← 'a' 'b' 'c' 'd' 'e' 'f'

count ← 1 0 0 3 0 2

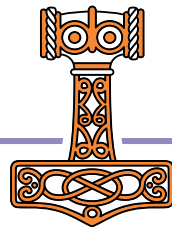
indices ← 1 4 4 4 6 6

indices \equiv l count

1

count \equiv l * -1 - indices

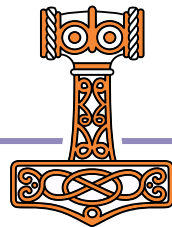
1



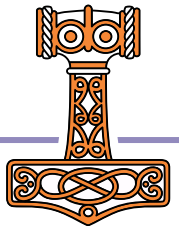
Partitioned enclose $\alpha \subset \omega$

Now accepts non-negative integers (not just Bool!)

Can take a short left argument



cutoffs	←	0	20	40	60	80	100		
values	←	3	14	15	35	65	89	92	793



cutoffs ← 0 20 40 60 80 100

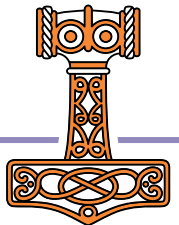
values ← 3 14 15 35 65 89 92 793

cutoffs i values

1 1 1 2 4 5 5 6

values ← 1, -2 - / cutoffs i values

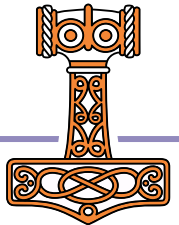
3	14	15	35		65	89	92	793
---	----	----	----	--	----	----	----	-----



```

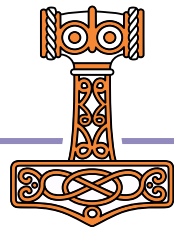
1 1 < 'head' 'and' 'the' 'rest'
LENGTH ERROR
1 1<'head' 'tail' 'and' 'the' 'rest'
    ^
1 1 < 'head' 'and' 'the' 'rest'

```



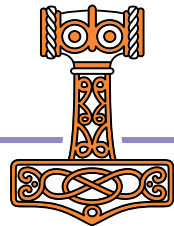
Exercises

<https://is.gd/jTKznr>



System Functions

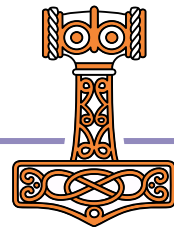
□C □DT 1200I □JSON □ATX



Case Convert

C

C DT 1200I JSON R/S ATX



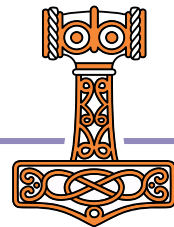
Wait, what?

Uppercase: 1 (819 **I**) Y \Rightarrow 1 **C** Y

Lowercase: 819 **I** Y \Rightarrow **C** Y

Lowercase: 0 (819 **I**) Y \Rightarrow **C** Y

Big $\leftarrow \{ \alpha \leftarrow 0$
 $\alpha : 1$ **C** ω
 C $\omega \}$



Pain without gain?

```
819I'Hi'#(3J14 'PI')
```

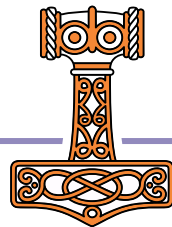
DOMAIN ERROR: Invalid right argument

```
819I'Hi'#(3J14 'PI')
```

^

```
□C'Hi'#(3J14 'PI')
```

```
hi # 3J14 pi
```



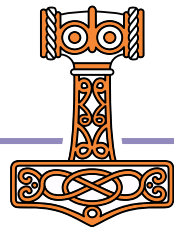
Pain without gain?

```
+ 'Hi'#(3J14 'PI')
```

```
Hi # 3J-14 PI
```

```
□C 'Hi'#(3J14 'PI')
```

```
hello # 3J14 pi
```



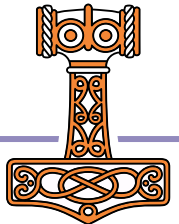
Case Convert

Monadic $\square C$: Case **Fold**

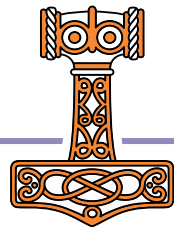
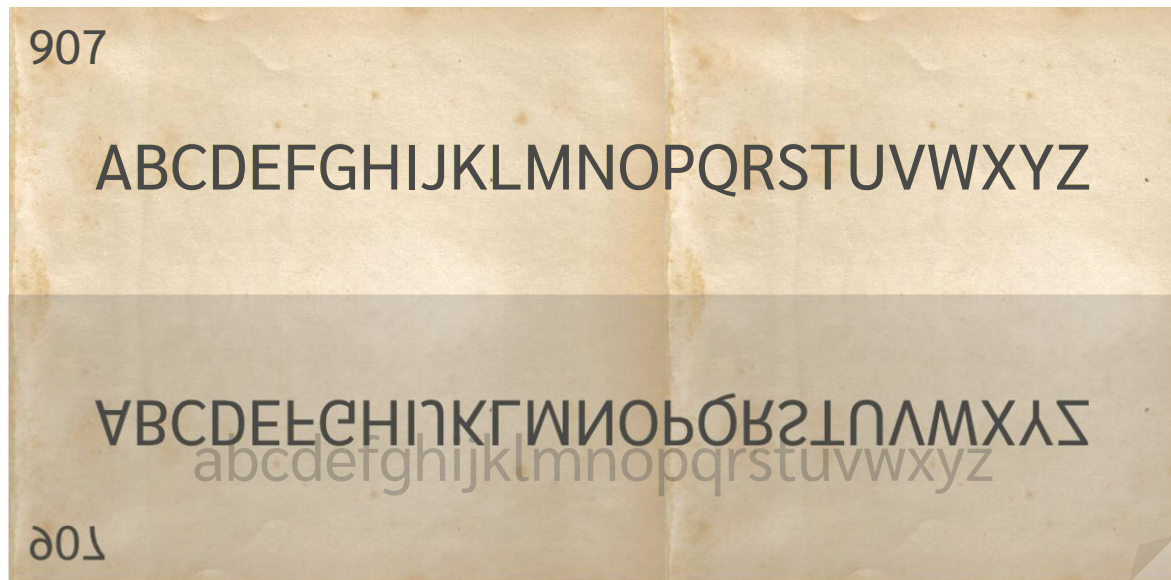
normalisation
for machine comparison

Dyadic $\square C$: Case **Map**

display form
for human readers

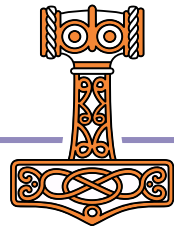


Case Folding: ☐C Y



Case Mapping: X □C Y

1 : Upper		Origin		⁻ 1 : Lower
A	←	A a	⇒	a
B	←	B b	⇒	b
C	←	C c	⇒	c
D	←	D c	⇒	d
E	←	E e	⇒	e
F	←	F f	⇒	f
G	←	G g	⇒	g



Folding vs Mapping

'Μωυσής'

Μωυσής

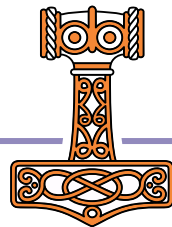
*"Moses"
in Greek*

□C 'Μωυσής' a fold

μωυσήσ

⁻¹□C 'Μωυσής' a map

μωυσής



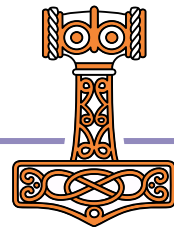
Folding vs Mapping

`□C` 'Μωυσής' 'ΜΩΥΣΉΣ' `A fold`

μωυσήσ μωυσήσ

`-1 □C` 'Μωυσής' 'ΜΩΥΣΉΣ' `A map`

μωυσής μωυσήσ



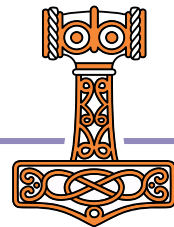
Folding vs Mapping

□C 'Μωυσής' 'ΜΩΥΣΉΣ' a fold

μωυσήσ μωυσήσ

1 □C 'Μωυσής' 'ΜΩΥΣΉΣ' a map

ΜΩΥΣΉΣ ΜΩΥΣΉΣ



Folding vs Mapping

*"Street"
in German*

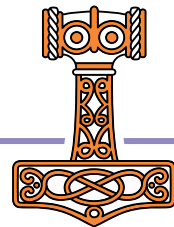
`□C 'Straße' 'STRAßE'` `a fold`

`straße` `straße`

`1 □C 'Straße' 'STRAßE'` `a map`

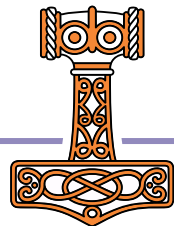
`STRAße` `STRAße`

`STRASSE` `STRASSE`



Would you ever map?

- ◆ All-lowercase to generate URLs or hash-tags
`'Ο Μωυσής Ζει'` \Rightarrow `'#ομωυσήςζει'`
- ◆ All-caps for display purposes
`'Sale'` \Rightarrow `'S A L E'`
- ◆ Title-case a heading...
`'Would you ever map?'` \Rightarrow
`'Would You Ever Map?'`



```
t←'Would you ever map?'
```

```
-1*0,-1↓' '≠t
```

```
1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1 -1 -1 -1
```

```
(-1*0,-1↓' '≠t)□C t
```

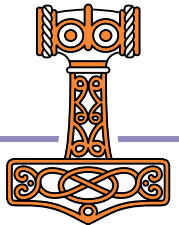
DOMAIN ERROR: Invalid left argument

```
(-1*0,-1↓' '≠t)□C t
```

^

```
(-1*0,-1↓' '≠t)□C t
```

Would You Ever Map?

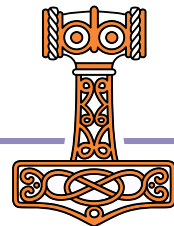


Date times

□DT

Is it Christmas Yet? – Richard Smith, *Dyalog '19*

dyalog.tv/Dyalog19/?v=SVcNgQewYNY

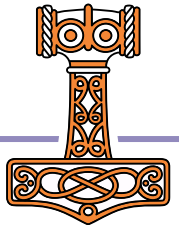


Date-time

Timestamp

Time number

Military time zone



Timestamp

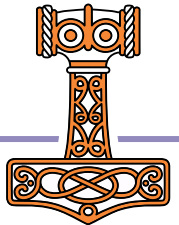
year month day... ms

2020 6 11 16 0 0 0

← WEST — TS

year week weekday... μs

2020 24 4 16 0 0 0



Time number

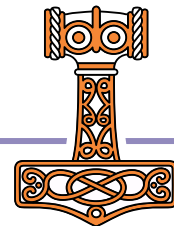
days since 1899-12-31 00:00

43992.70833

seconds since 1970-01-01 00:00

1591894800

← WEST →



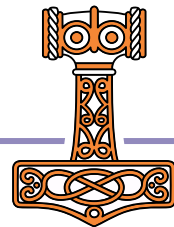


Time numbers

- 1 Dyalog day number
 - 2 Dyalog component file
 - 10 J nanoseconds
 - 11 Shakti K milliseconds
 - 12 JavaScript/D/Q ms
 - 13 R chron format
 - 20 Unix time
 - 30 MS-DOS date/time
 - 31 MS-Win32 FILETIME
- et cetera ad abundantiam

Timestamps

- 1 **□TS**-style: year month... ms
 - 2 Like **□TS** but μ s replacing ms
 - 3 Like **□TS** but ns replacing ms
 - 10 ISO year day hour min sec μ s
 - 11 ISO year week weekday... μ s
- etc.



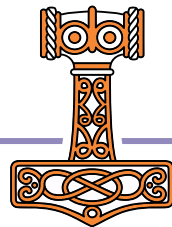
□DT syntax

Conversion

```
outCode □DT dateTimes  
inCode outCode □DT dateTimes
```

Validation

```
0 □DT dateTimes  
inCode 0 □DT dateTimes
```



□DT syntax: one-element left argument

Conversion: □TS-style timestamp to Unix time

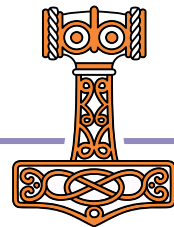
20 □DT < 2020 06 11 16 00 00 000

1591891200

Validation: Leap year check

0 □DT < 1900 02 29

0



□DT syntax: one-element left argument

Conversion: Current □TS-style UTC time

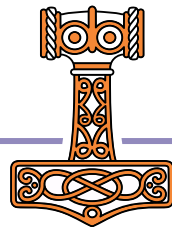
-1 □DT 'Z'

2020 6 11 16 00 0

What time zone am I in?

$3600 \div \sim - / 20$ □DT 'JZ'

1 ← WEST=UTC+1



□DT syntax: two-element left argument

Conversion: Unix time to □TS-style timestamp

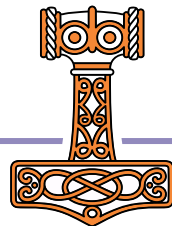
20 -1 □DT 1591891200

2020 6 11 16 0 0 0

Validation: Leap year check

60 0 □DT 19000229

0





11, 2006 in MDI, and "2010 November 6" in TMD.

The [ISO 8601](#) format (YYYY-MM-DD, 2020-06-04) is intended to harmonize these formats and ensure accuracy in all situations. Many countries have adopted it as their sole official date format, though even in these areas writers may adopt abbreviated formats that are no longer recommended.

Table coding [\[edit source \]](#)

Basic components of a calendar date for the most common calendar systems:

Y – year

M – month

D – day

Specific formats for the basic components:

yy – two-digit year, *e.g.* 06

yyyy – four-digit year, *e.g.* 2006

m – one-digit month for months below 10, *e.g.* 4

mm – two-digit month, *e.g.* 04

mmm – three-letter abbreviation for month, *e.g.* Apr

mmmm – month spelled out in full, *e.g.* April

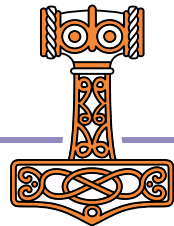
d – one-digit day of the month for days below 10, *e.g.* 2

dd – two-digit day of the month, *e.g.* 02

1200I syntax

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyaLogDateNumbers



1200I syntax: patterns

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) `dyalogDateNumbers`

'M'

'6'

'MM'

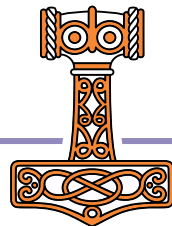
'06'

'MMM'

'JUN'

'MMMM'

'JUNE'



1200I syntax: numbers

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

'M'

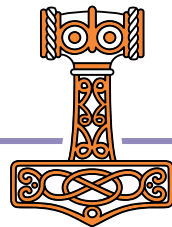
'6'

'MM'

'06'

'_M'

' 6'



1200I syntax: names

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dialogDateNumbers

'MMMM'

'JUNE'

'__en__MMMM'

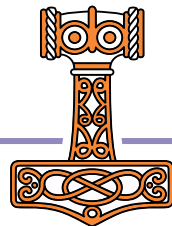
'JUNE'

'__ru__MMMM'

'ИЮНЬ'

'__fr__MMMM'

'JUIN'



1200I syntax: names

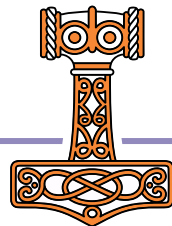
Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) `dyalogDateNumbers`

'mmmm' 'june'

'Mmmm' 'June'

'MMMM' 'JUNE'



1200I syntax: names

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

__en__

__fr__

'mmmm'

'june'

'juin'

'Mmmm'

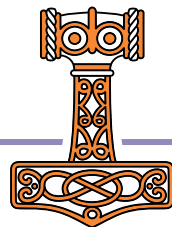
'June'

'Juin'

'MMMM'

'JUNE'

'JUIN'

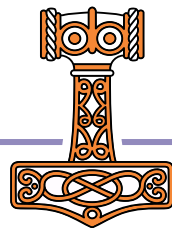


1200I syntax: names

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

	__en__	__fr__
'_mmm'	'June'	'juin'
'mmmm'	'june'	'juin'
'Mmmm'	'June'	'Juin'
'MMMM'	'JUNE'	'JUIN'

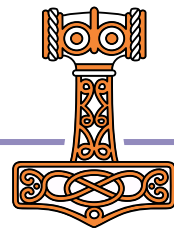


1200I syntax: ordinals

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

	__en__	__fr__
'D'	'1'	'1'
'Doo'	'1st'	'1er'
'DD'	'11'	'11'
'DDoo'	'11th'	'11'

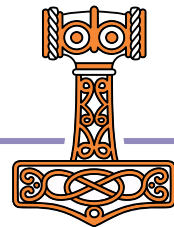


1200I syntax: ordinals

Format one or more date-times

'YYYY-MM-DD' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers

	__en__	__da__
'D'	'1'	'1'
'Doo'	'1st'	'1.'
'DD'	'11'	'11'
'DDoo'	'11th'	'11.'



1200I syntax: 12/24 hours

Format one or more date-times

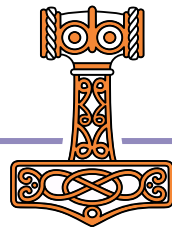
```
'hh:mm' (1200I) dyalogDateNumbers
```

```
'h'          '16'
```

```
't'          '4'
```

```
't pp'       '4 pm'
```

```
'tPP'       '4PM'
```



1200I examples

'DDoo Mmmm YYYY "at" hh:mm:ss.fff'

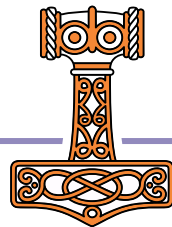
11th June 2020 at 16:00:00.000

'__da__Dddd, D. mmmm " ' ' "YY'

Torsdag, 11. juni '20

'%ISO%'

2020-06-11T16:00:00



JSON Convert

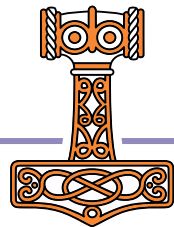
JSON

Webinar, part 3

JSON: 'HighRank '

JSON: 'Dialect '

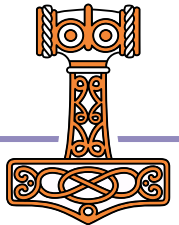
JSON ctables



Converting rank>1 arrays to JSON

no need for ↑ and ↓ pre/post-processing

□JSON□ 'HighRank'



Ever tried this?

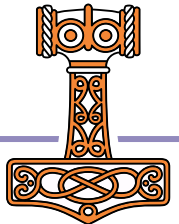
```
data←2 3p16
```

```
□JSON data
```

DOMAIN ERROR: JSON export: the right argument ca

```
□JSON data
```

^

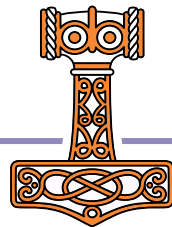


Ever tried this?

data ← 2 3 4 5 6

□ JSON ↓ data

[[1,2,3],[4,5,6]]



Ever tried this?

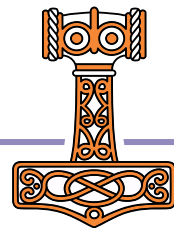
```
data←2 3 4p124
```

```
□JSON↓data
```

DOMAIN ERROR: JSON export: the right argument ca

```
□JSON data
```

^

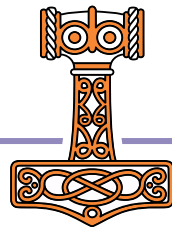


Ever tried this?

data ← 2 3 4 **ρ** 24

□JSON ↓ ↓ data

[[[1,2,3,4],[5,6,7,8],[9,10,11,12]],[[13,14,15,1



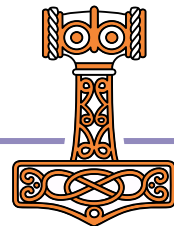
Ever tried this?

`data ← (2 3 6) 'abc'`

`□JSON ↓*(-1+≠p data) ⊢ data`

`↓*(-1+≠p data) ⊢ data`

0	1	2	abc
3	4	5	



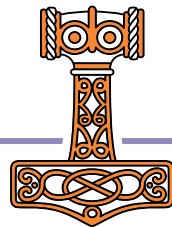
Ever tried this?

data ← (2 3 4 5 6) 'abc'

JSON{0=ω:ω ♦ 1<≠ρω:∇↓ω ♦ ∇·ω}data

{0=ω:ω ♦ 1<≠ρω:∇↓ω ♦ ∇·ω}data

<table><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td></tr></table>	0	1	2	3	4	5	abc
0	1	2	3	4	5		



Ever tried this?

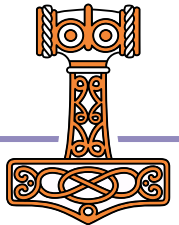
```
data ← (2 3 6) 'abc' ⋄ 'ns' ⋄ NS 'data'
```

```
⋄ JSON{0=≡ω:ω ⋄ 1<≠ρω:∇↓ω ⋄ ∇``ω}ns
```

DOMAIN ERROR: JSON export: item "data[1]" of the

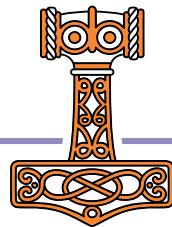
```
⋄ JSON{0=≡ω:ω ⋄ 1<≠ρω:∇↓ω ⋄ ∇``ω}ns
```

^



Try this!

```
data←(2 3 6) 'abc' ♦ 'ns' NS 'data'  
JSON: 'HighRank' 'Split' ns  
{"data": [[[1,2,3],[4,5,6]], "abc"]}
```



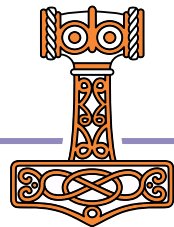
Try this!

```
data ← (2 3 6) 'abc' ⋄ 'ns' NS 'data'
```

```
JSON 'HighRank' 'Split' ⌞ data
```

```
JSON 'HighRank' 'Split' *2 ⌞ data
```

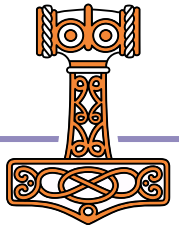
<table><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td></tr></table>	0	1	2	3	4	5	abc
0	1	2	3	4	5		



{JSON:5,}

JSON for Humans

[JSON:] 'Dialect'

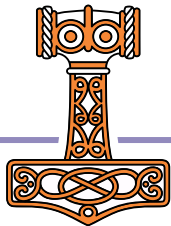


JSON

```
{  
  "Settings": {  
    "9&11": ["\t", "\u000B"],  
    "MAXWS": "2GB",  
    "ROOTDIR":  
    "/my-own/root/directory",  
    "UserOption": "quote\"me"  
  }  
}
```

JSON5

```
{  
  Settings: {  
    "9&11": ["\t", "\v"],  
  }  
}
```

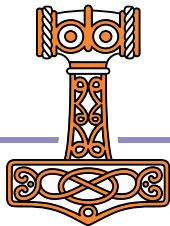


JSON

```
{  
  "Settings": {  
    "9&11": ["\t", "\u000B"],  
    "MAXWS": "2GB",  
    "ROOTDIR":  
    "/my-own/root/directory",  
    "UserOption": "quote\"me"  
  }  
}
```

JSON5

```
{  
  Settings: {  
    "9&11": ["\t", "\v"],  
    MAXWS: "2GB", // memory limit  
  }  
}
```

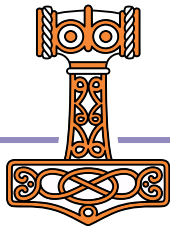


JSON

```
{
  "Settings": {
    "9&11": ["\t", "\u000B"],
    "MAXWS": "2GB",
    "ROOTDIR":
"/my-own/root/directory",
    "UserOption": "quote\"me"
  }
}
```

JSON5

```
{
  Settings: {
    "9&11": ["\t", "\v"],
    MAXWS: "2GB", /* memory limit */
    ROOTDIR: "/my-own/root/direct\
ory",
    UserOption: 'quote"me',
  }
}
```

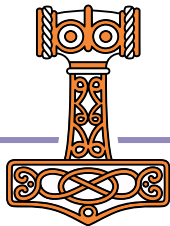


JSON

```
{  
  "Settings": {  
    "9&11": ["\t", "\u000B"],  
    "MAXWS": "2GB",  
    "ROOTDIR":  
    "/my-own/root/directory",  
    "UserOption": "quote\"me"  
    "FNAME": "[rootdir]/filename"  
  }  
}
```

JSON5

```
{  
  Settings: {  
    "9&11": ["\t", "\v"],  
    MAXWS: "2GB", /* memory limit */  
    ROOTDIR: "/my-own/root/direct\  
    ory",  
    UserOption: 'quote"me',  
    FNAME: '[rootdir]/filename',  
  }  
}
```



JSON Tables

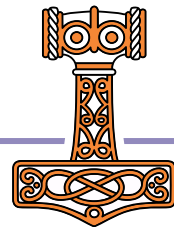
JSON

1	2	3	1	0.5
4	5	6	0.3333333333	0.25
			0.2	0.1666666667
			0.1428571429	0.125

```
1 JSON d
DOMAIN ERROR: JSON export: the right argument cannot be converted (IO=1)
1 JSON d
  ^
1 (JSON'HighRank' 'Split') d
[[[1,2], "AB"], ["ABC", "DEF"]], [[1,2,3], [4,5,6]], ...
```

Raw Text

Wrappers



JSON Tables

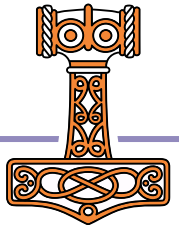
JSON

```
table <Q; 'Day' 'Ca$h Money $$$'
```

```
□<table;←3 2p'Monday' 1000 'Wednesday' 324 'Friday' 52
```

Monday	1000
Wednesday	324
Friday	52

```
□JSON□'Compact'0<2,<table  
[  
  {  
    "Day": "Monday",  
    "Ca$h Money $$$": 1000  
  }, {  
    "Day": "Wednesday",  
    "Ca$h Money $$$": 324  
  }, {  
    "Day": "Friday",  
    "Ca$h Money $$$": 52  
  }  
]
```

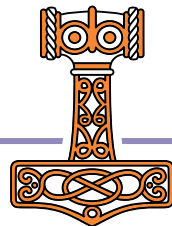


Extended Attributes

□ATX

Use □ATX in preference to □AT, □NC, □NR, □SIZE and □SRC (and some of the functionality of 5179I).

Press F1



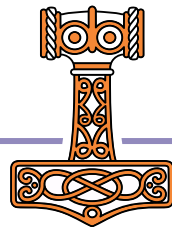
Extended Attributes

□ATX

50 – 62

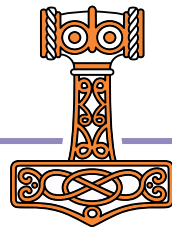
Information about source

Verbatim source: code kept as-typed with 2□FIX and L i n k



Exercises

<https://is.gd/Y4IEaK>



More Exercises

<https://is.gd/IeDpNu>

