

Hobbyist APLing in the 21st Century.

Alex Weiner (New Jersey, USA)



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NEW MEXICO

Dallas

ALABAMA

GEORGIA

TEXAS

LOUISIANA

FLORIDA

Houston

Gulf of California

Gulf of Mexico

Alex Weiner

Alex Weiner

- Electrical & Computer Engineer

Alex Weiner

- Electrical & Computer Engineer
- APLer

Why APL?

- Lots of things can be modeled as a matrix

Why APL?

- Lots of things can be modeled as a matrix
 - Circuits
 - Images
 - Differential equations

Why APL?

- Lots of things can be modeled as a matrix



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Why APL?

- Lots of things can be modeled as a matrix
 - Circuits
 - Images
 - Differential equations
- Computer Architecture

Why APL?

- Lots of things can be modeled as a matrix
 - Circuits
 - Images
 - Differential equations
- Computer Architecture
 - “A Programming Language” By Iverson

“Hobbyist APLing in the 21st Century”

What does that even mean?

Hobbyist

- Must be fun

Hobbyist

- Must be fun
- Must be low cost

Hobbyist

- Must be fun
- Must be low cost
- Can be non-practical

Hobbyist

- Must be fun
- Must be low cost
- Can be non-practical
- Must not be frustrating

Hobbyist

- Must be fun
- Must be low cost
- Can be non-practical
- Must not be frustrating
- A learning experience

APLing

- Programming in any APL dialect or related language

APLing

- Programming in any APL dialect or related language
- Talking about any APL dialect or related language

21st Century

- A web application

21st Century

- A web application
 - Your program ultimately outputs HTML

Application development in APL

Pick an operating system

Pick an operating system

- Linux
- macOS
- Windows

Pick an APL

Pick an APL

- APL
 - Dyalog APL
 - GNU APL
 - J

Pick an APL

- APL
 - Dyalog APL
 - GNU APL
 - J
- Other
 - J
 - A+,Q,K
 - APL2000, NARS2000
 - ELI
 - S (R is S!)
 - MATLAB, Mathematica
 - Go, C++ (iota)

Determine an application

Determine an application

- A hard problem in computer programming

Determine an application

- A hard problem in computer programming
- Do something cool

Determine an application

- A hard problem in computer programming
- Do something cool
- Something that shows my friends how cool APL is

My Application

My Application

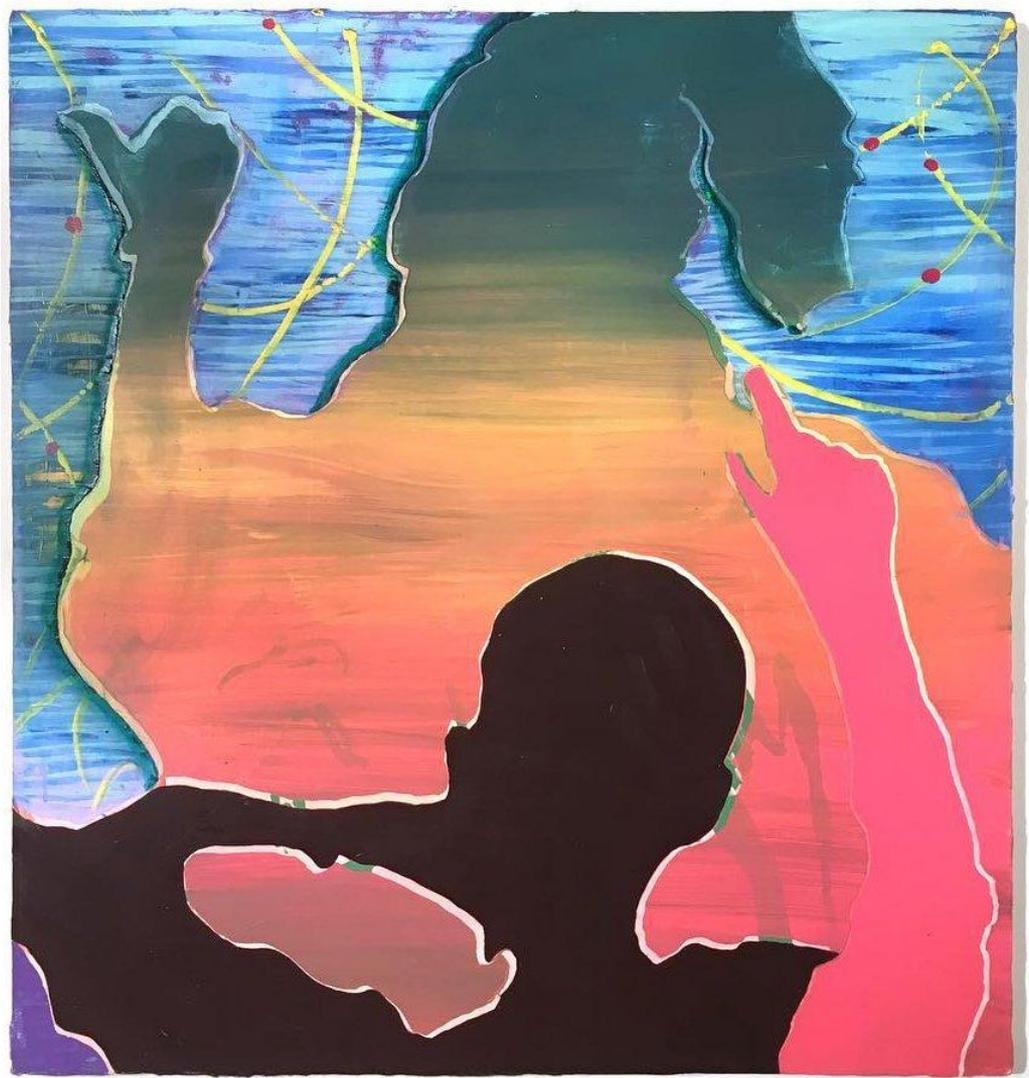
- Called “Flake”

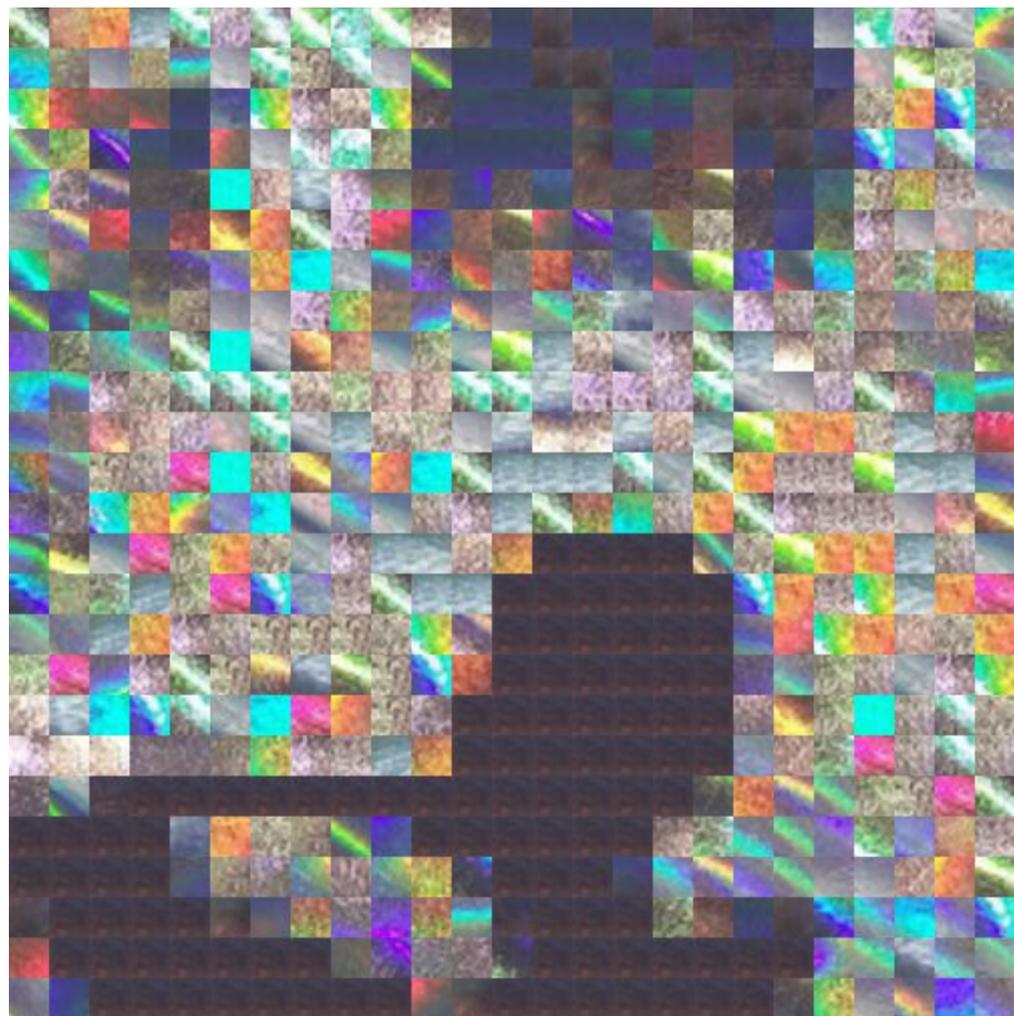
My Application

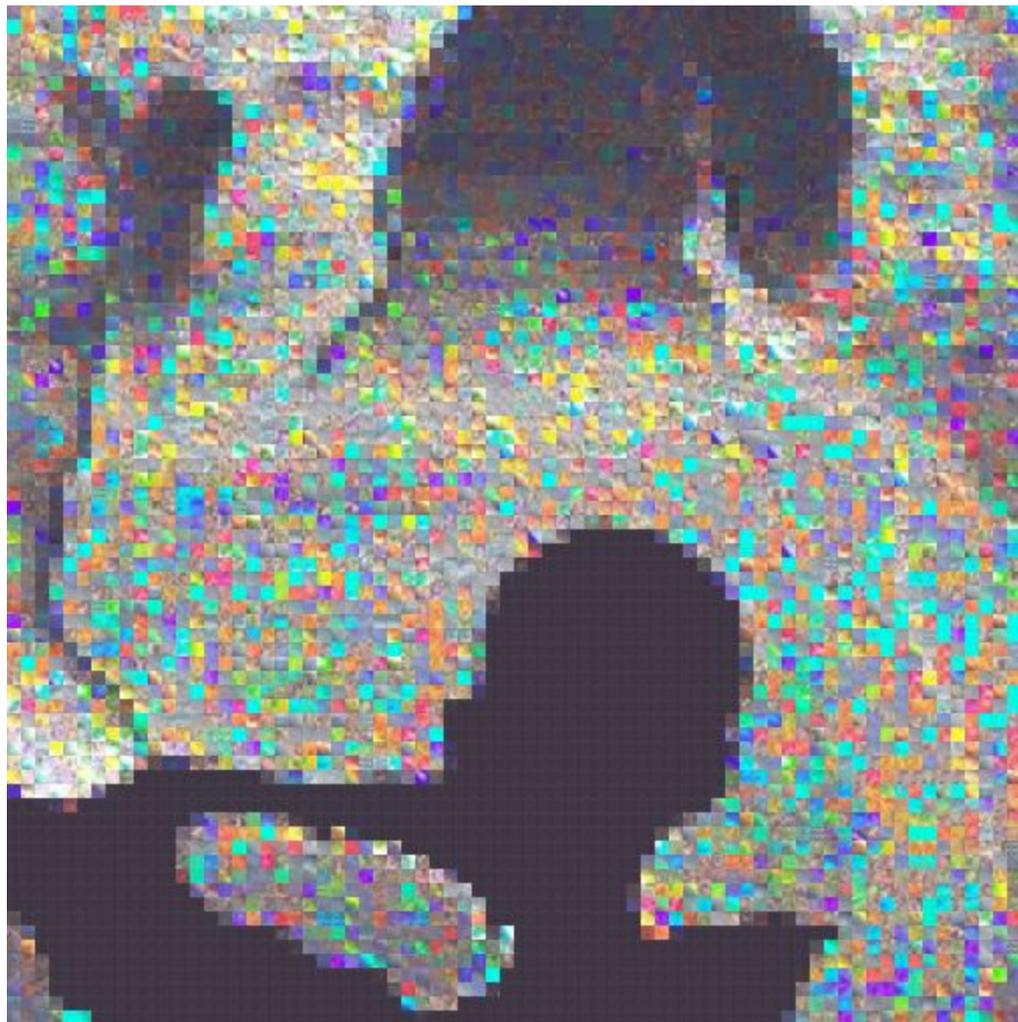
- Called “Flake”
 - Chops
 - Matches

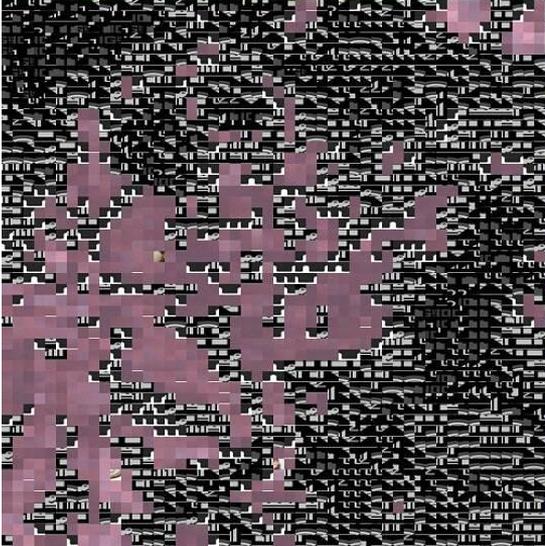
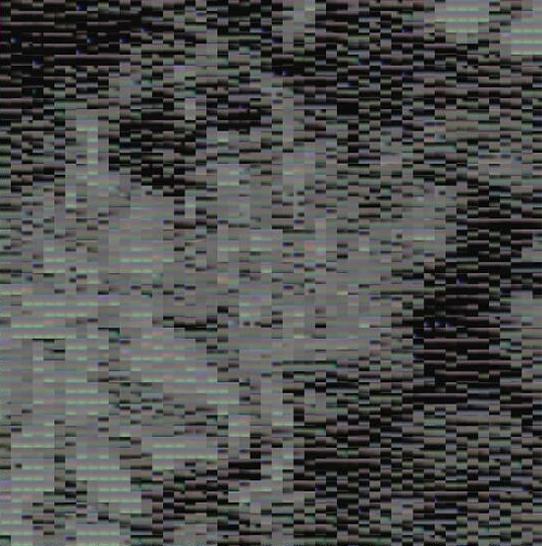
My Application

- Called “Flake”
 - Chops
 - Matches
- Examples

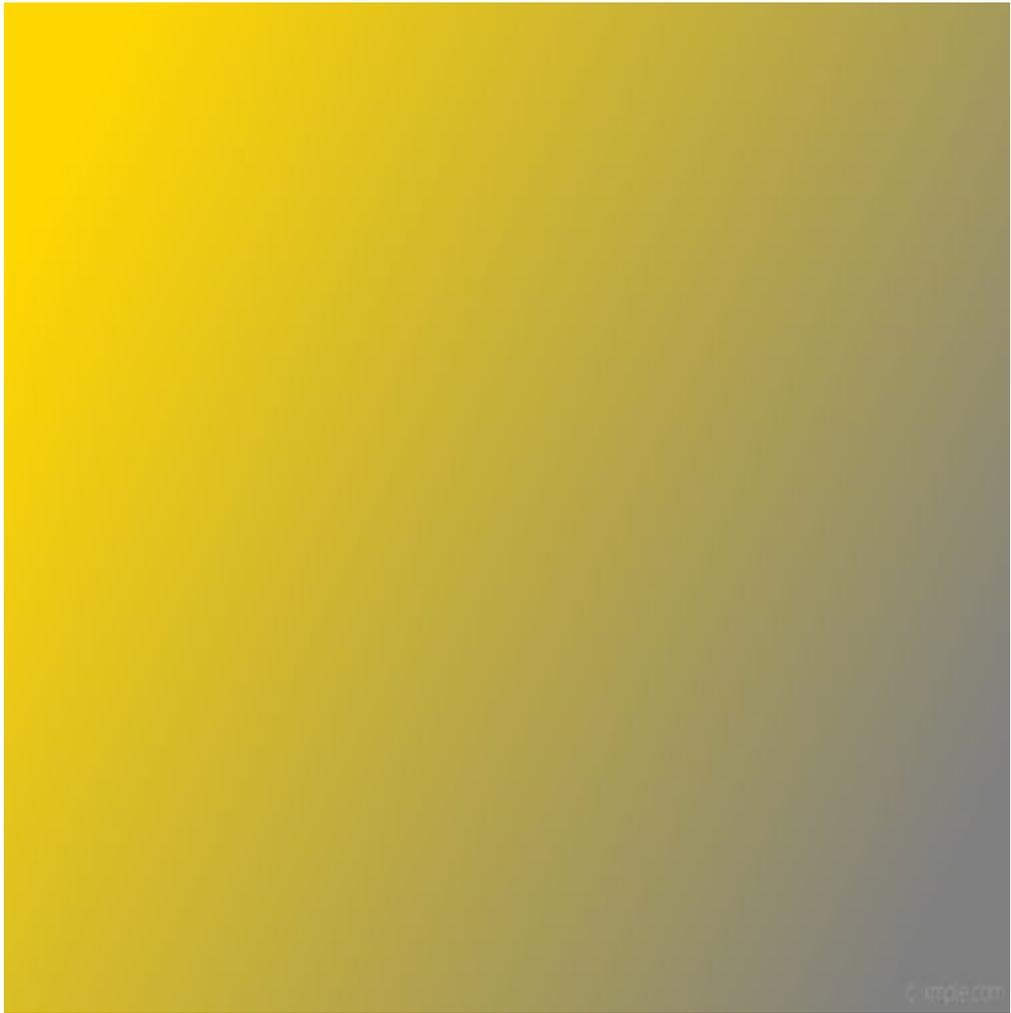


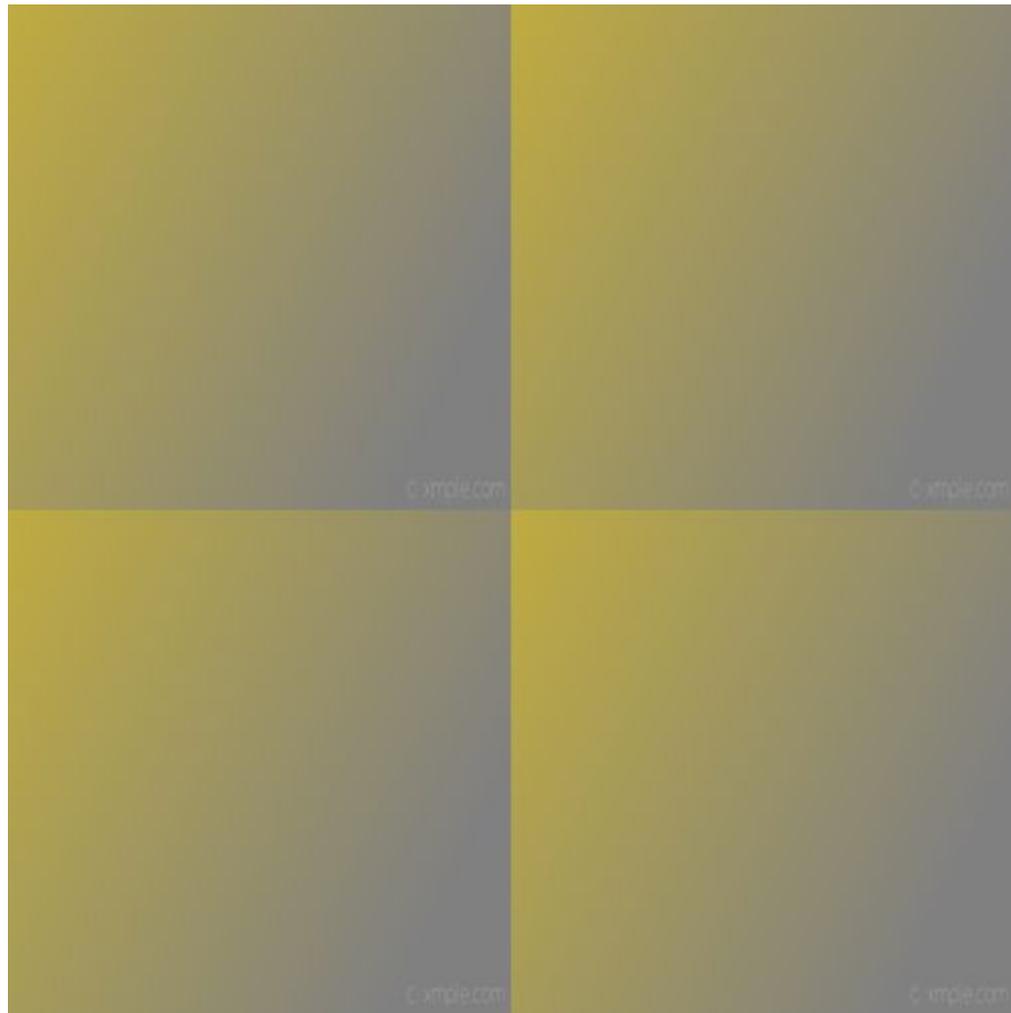


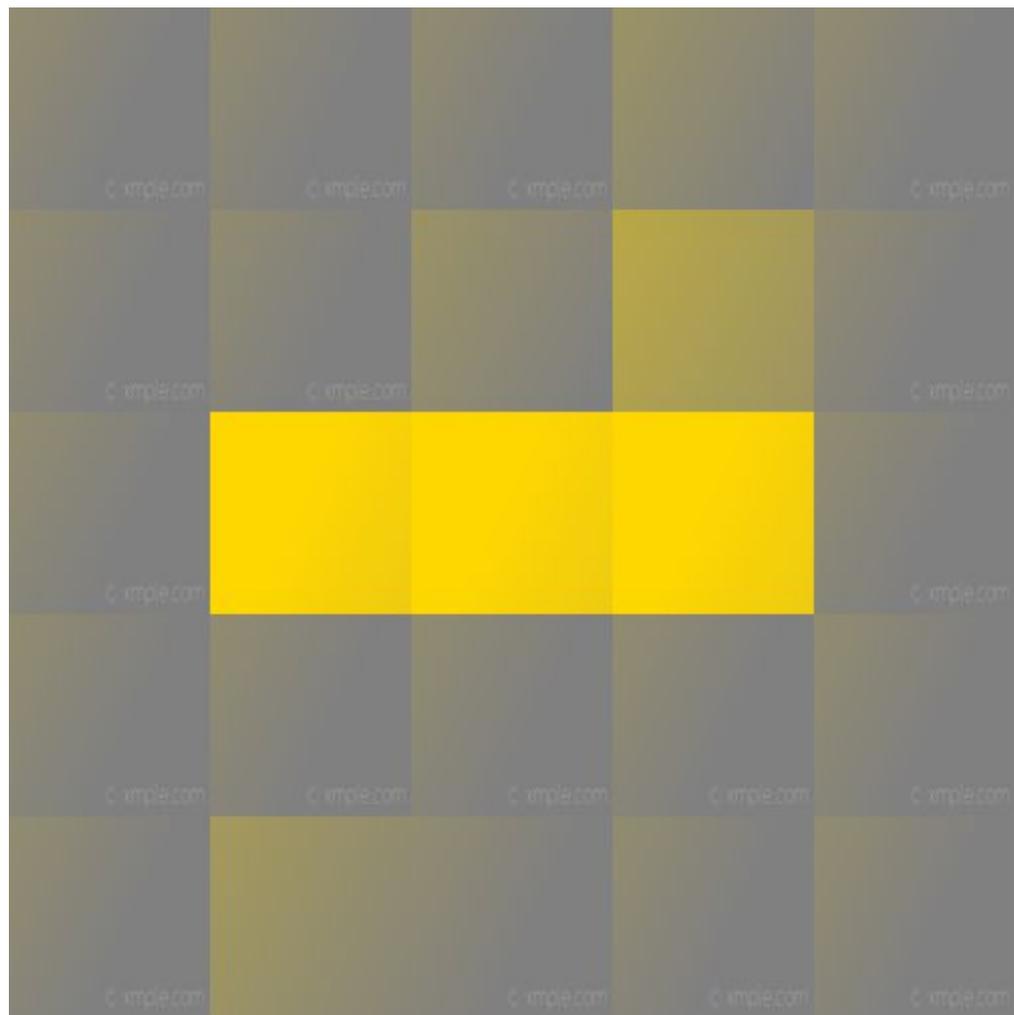


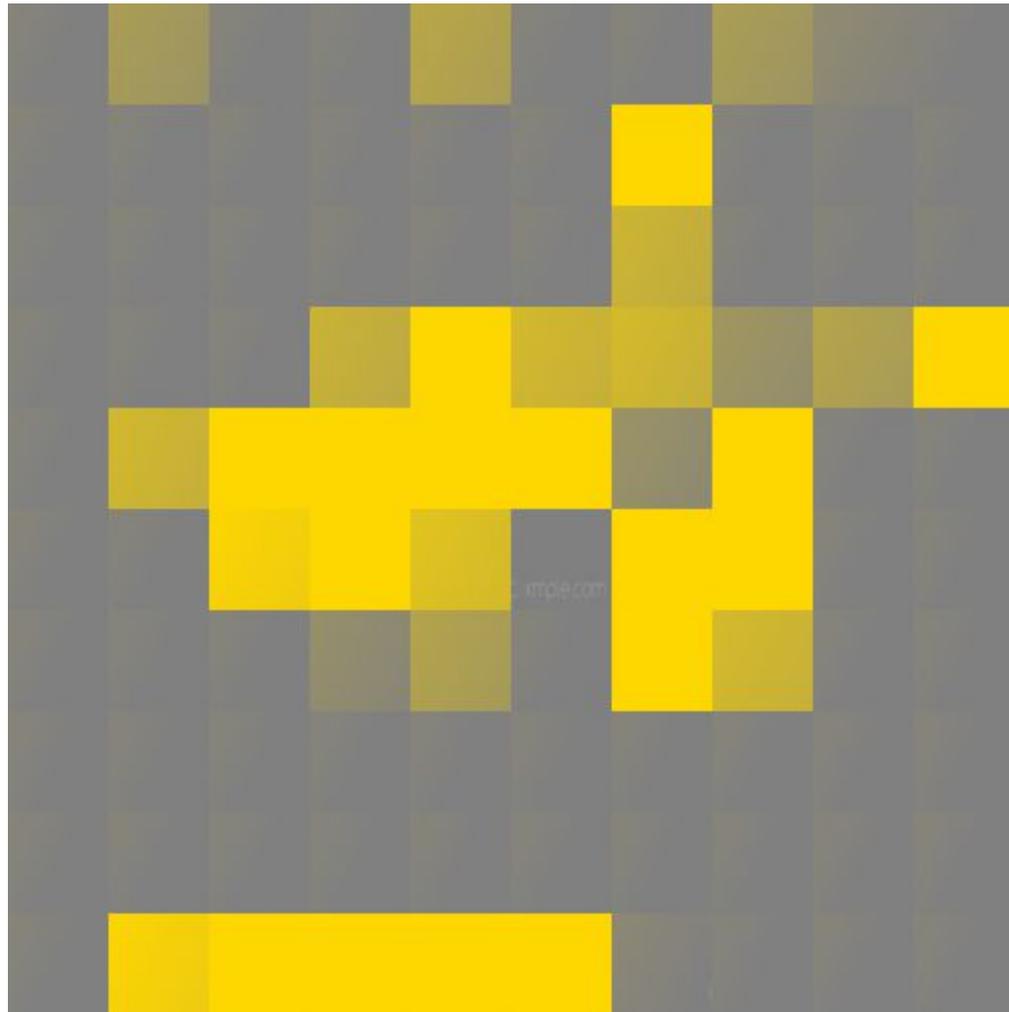


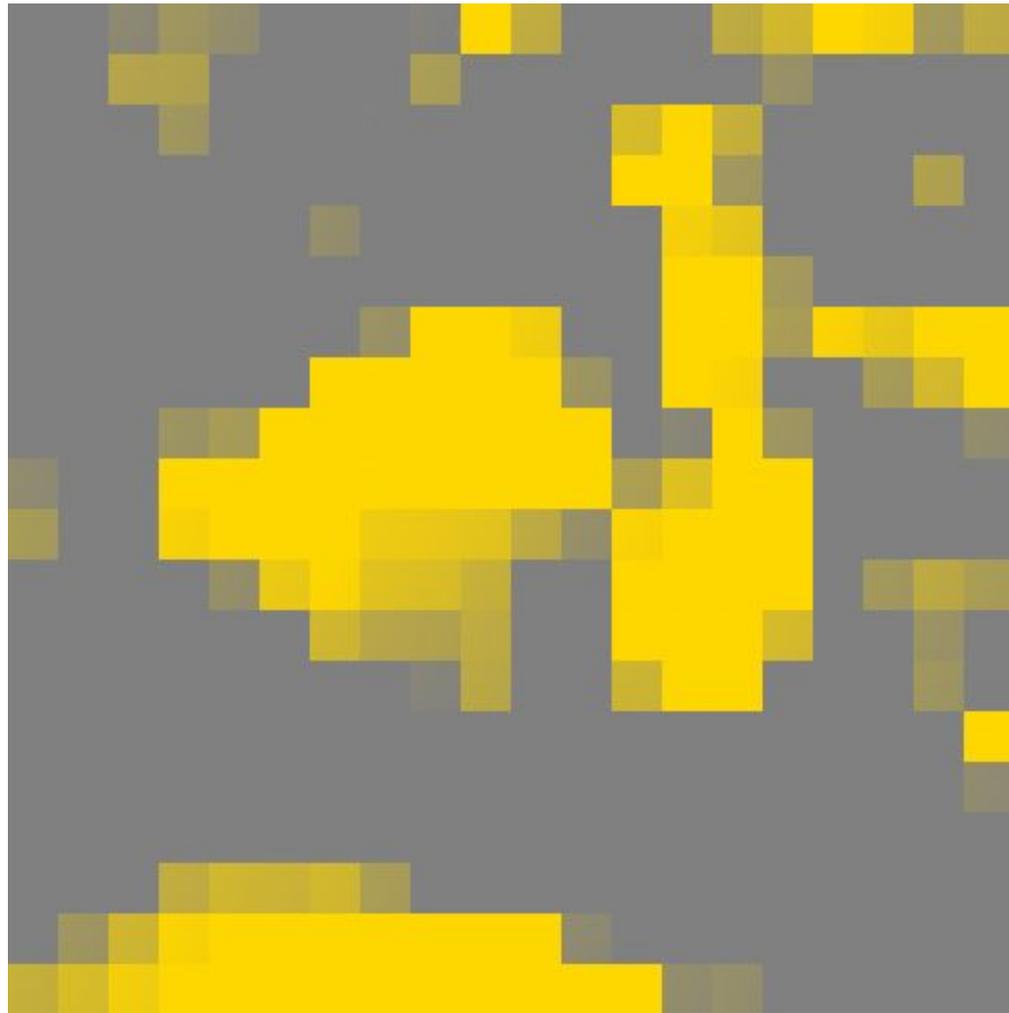


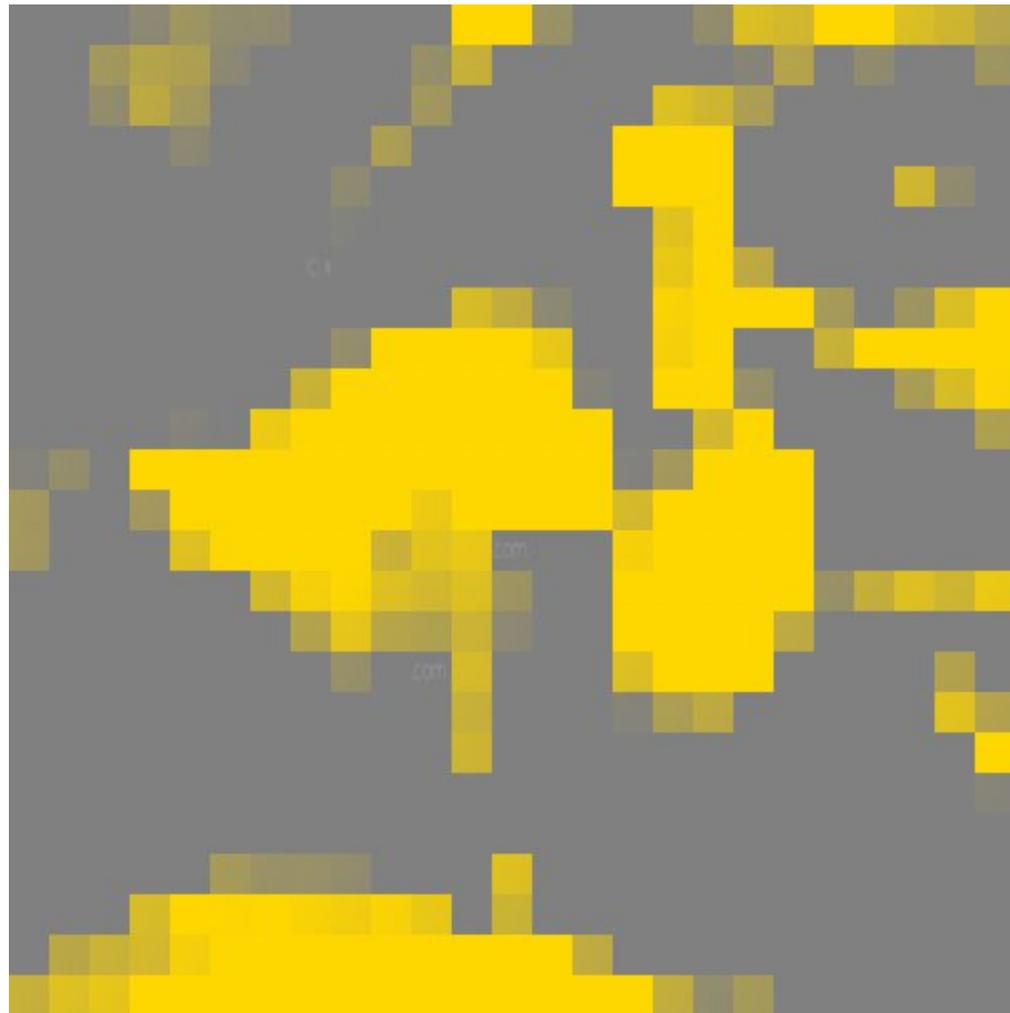


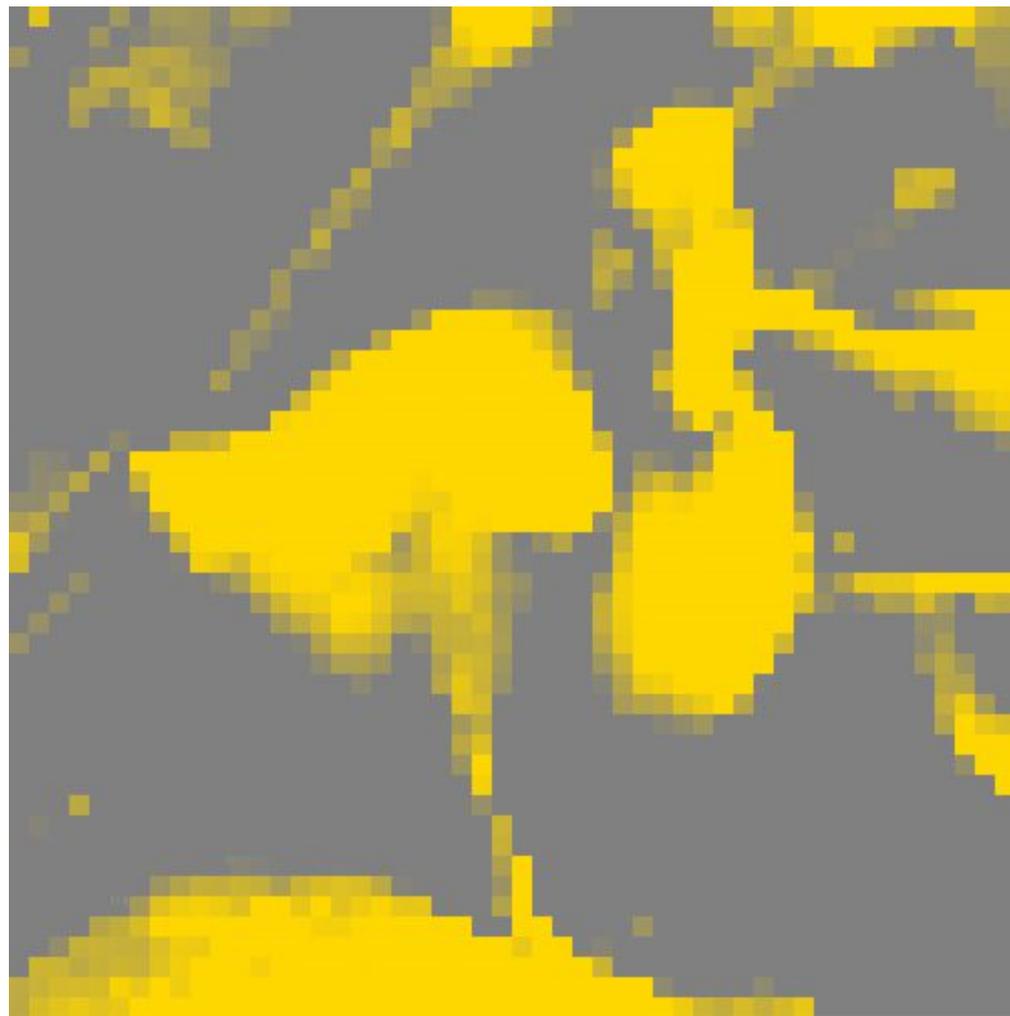


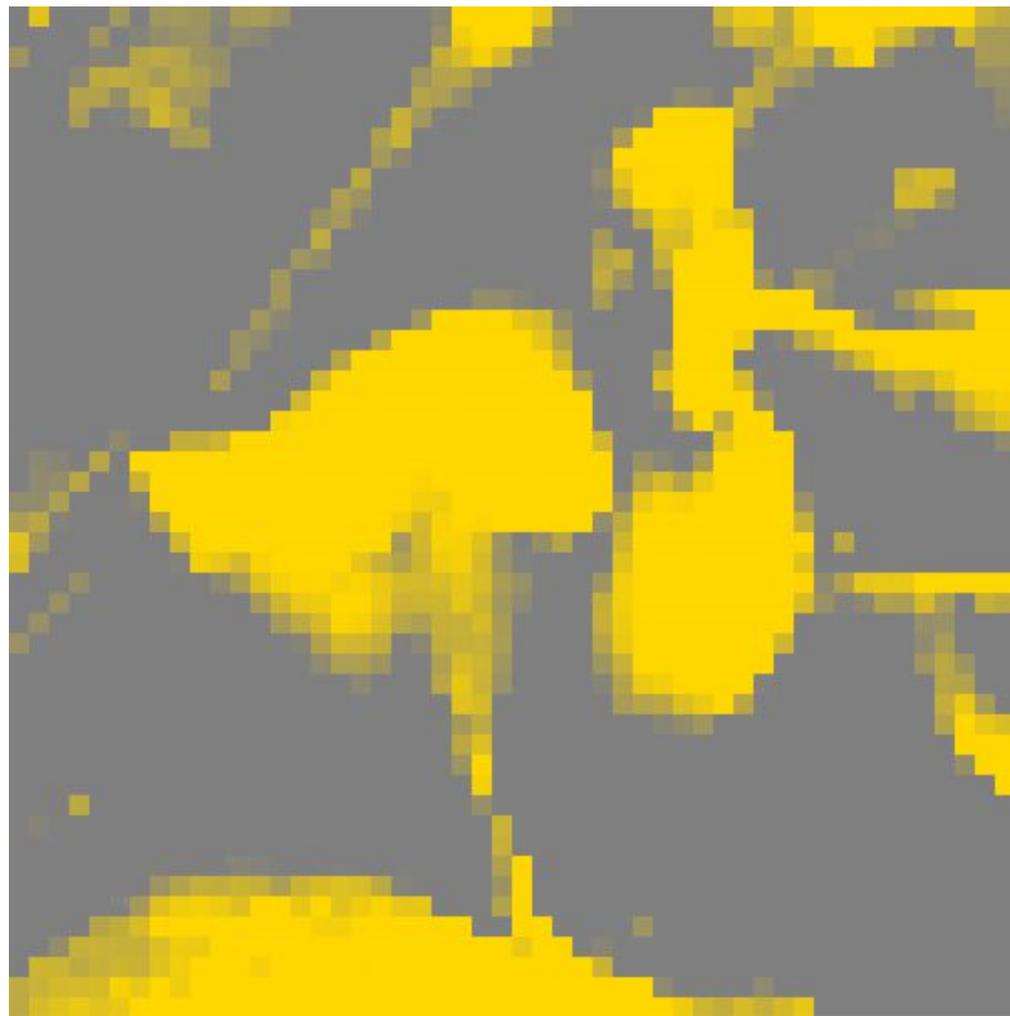














Currently online: YHNMJUIK.COM



Start Developing!

Requirements

Requirements

- Image Code

Requirements

- Image Code
 - Into APL
 - Out of APL

Requirements

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- Web Code

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- Web Code
 - Output valid HTML
 - Parse form data as input

Requirements

- Image Code
 - Into APL
 - Out of APL
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 - Parse form data as input
- Flake Code

Requirements



Server

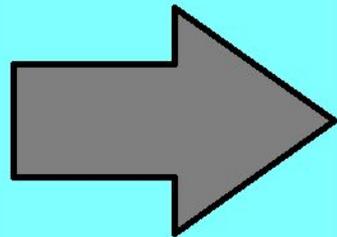
IMG I/O

Flake

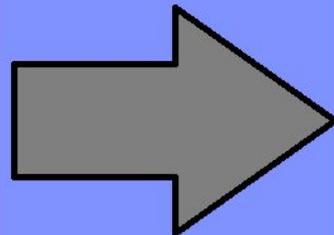
Yhnmjuik

Browser

IMG

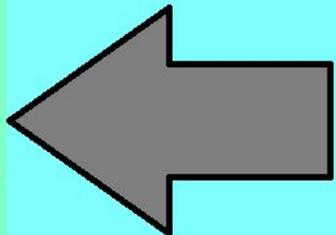


APL

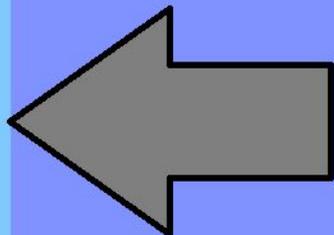


WEB

IMG



APL



WEB

↑Those arrows are written in APL, also ↑

Architecture (Version 1)

Architecture (Version 1)

- PHP

Architecture (Version 1)

- PHP
 - Bash

Architecture (Version 1)

- PHP
 - Bash
 - J

Architecture (Version 1)

- PHP
 - Bash
 - J

A TOTAL MESS!

Architecture (Version 2)

Write every part in APL

Start Developing!

Start Developing!
(almost)

Set Up the Keyboard

Set Up the Keyboard

- This is not an APL problem

Set Up the Keyboard

- This is not an APL problem
 - This is an OS problem

Set Up the Keyboard

- This is not an APL problem
 - This is an OS problem
 - Experienced by a large number of APLers

Set Up the Keyboard

- This is not an APL problem
 - This is an OS problem
 - Experienced by a large number of APLers
- Unicode

Set Up the Keyboard

- This is not an APL problem
 - This is an OS problem
 - Experienced by a large number of APLers
- Unicode
 - The APL portion in “Miscellaneous Technical”

Set Up the Keyboard

```
sudo apt-get install subversion
```

```
sudo svn co http://svn.savannah.gnu.org/svn/apl/trunk
```

```
cd trunk
```

```
xmodmap support-files/Dyalog-Keyboard/apl.xmodmap-alexweiner
```

Set Up the Keyboard

- Files about the keyboard
 - `trunk/README-3-keyboard`
 - `trunk/support-files/Dyalog-Keyboard/README`

Start Developing

Start Developing!
(really!)

How to write a Bitmap Library

How to write a Bitmap Library

- Look at the spec

How to write a Bitmap Library

- Look at the spec
- Look at some C code

How to write a Bitmap Library

- Look at the spec
- Look at some C code
- The “Aha!” moment

Look at the Specification

Look at the Specification

- Wikipedia

Offset	Size	Hex Value	Value	Description
BMP Header				
0h	2	42 4D	"BM"	ID field (42h, 4Dh)
2h	4	46 00 00 00	70 bytes (54+16)	Size of the BMP file
6h	2	00 00	Unused	Application specific
8h	2	00 00	Unused	Application specific
Ah	4	36 00 00 00	54 bytes (14+40)	Offset where the pixel array (bitmap data) can be found
DIB Header				
Eh	4	28 00 00 00	40 bytes	Number of bytes in the DIB header (from this point)
12h	4	02 00 00 00	2 pixels (left to right order)	Width of the bitmap in pixels
16h	4	02 00 00 00	2 pixels (bottom to top order)	Height of the bitmap in pixels. Positive for bottom to top pixel order.
1Ah	2	01 00	1 plane	Number of color planes being used
1Ch	2	18 00	24 bits	Number of bits per pixel
1Eh	4	00 00 00 00	0	BI_RGB, no pixel array compression used
22h	4	10 00 00 00	16 bytes	Size of the raw bitmap data (including padding)
26h	4	13 0B 00 00	2835 pixels/meter horizontal	Print resolution of the image, 72 DPI × 39.3701 inches per meter yields 2834.6472
2Ah	4	13 0B 00 00	2835 pixels/meter vertical	
2Eh	4	00 00 00 00	0 colors	Number of colors in the palette
32h	4	00 00 00 00	0 important colors	0 means all colors are important

BMP details

APL Representation	Actual Value	Verbal Description
46 0 0 0	70	Size of BMP file
36 0 0 0	54	Offset to pixel array
2 0 0 0	2	Image width
2 0 0 0	2	Image height

Look at C code

```
typedef struct{
    uint8_t signature[2];
    uint32_t filesize;
    uint32_t reserved;
    uint32_t fileoffset_to_pixelarray;
} fileheader;
typedef struct{
    uint32_t dibheadersize;
    uint32_t width;
    uint32_t height;
    uint16_t planes;
    uint16_t bitsperpixel;
    uint32_t compression;
    uint32_t imagesize;
    uint32_t ypixelpermeter;
    uint32_t xpixelpermeter;
    uint32_t numcolorspalette;
    uint32_t mostimpcolor;
} bitmapinfoheader;
```

The “Aha!” Moment

- 32 bits are four 8-bit bytes

The “Aha!” Moment

256 \perp “ ϕ ” (46 0 0 0) (36 0 0 0) (2 0 0 0) (2 0 0 0)

46 36 2 2

How do you represent an image in APL?

How do you represent an image in APL?

- A 2D Matrix of vectors

How do you represent an image in APL?

- A 2D Matrix of vectors
 - Easier to look at while coding

How do you represent an image in APL?

- A 2D Matrix of vectors
 - Easier to look at while coding
 - Slow

How do you represent an image in APL?

- A 2D Matrix of vectors
 - Easier to look at while coding
 - Slow

```
content←offset↓bmp
```

```
partition←bytes_perpixel{ω C ~ ∈
```

```
(α)/" 1 α ÷ ~ ρ ω}contentbitmap←h w ρ partitioned
```

How do you represent an image in APL?

- A 3D Matrix

How do you represent an image in APL?

- A 3D Matrix
 - Faster code with less operations

How do you represent an image in APL?

- A 3D Matrix
 - Faster code with less operations
 - Extensible

How do you represent an image in APL?

- A 3D Matrix
 - Faster code with less operations
 - Extensible

`bitmap ← ⍋ width height dimension ρ content`

APL and The Web

Passing web-form data with APL

- What is a web-form

Passing web-form data with APL

- What is a web-form
 - Syntax is HTML

Passing web-form data with APL

- What is a web-form
 - Syntax is HTML
 - HTTP methods:
 - GET
 - POST

Examples of GET and POST

```
<form action="code.apl" method="get">  
  <input type="submit" value="Click">  
</form>
```

```
<form action="code.apl" enctype="multipart/form-data" method="post">  
  <input type="file" name="name">  
  <input type="submit" value="Click">  
</form>
```

Passing form data with APL

- Language agnostic protocol

Passing form data with APL

- Language agnostic protocol
 - GET
 - “&” is the separator
 - environment variable called “QUERY_STRING”

Passing form data with APL

- Language agnostic protocol
 - POST
 - CRLF is the separator (Unicode 13 10)
 - Passed to stdin

Contents ← {ω, FIOΔfread 0} * {α⊖FIOΔfeof 0}"

Demo

Demo

- Parsing a GET

Demo

- Parsing a GET

QUERY_STRING ← 'var1=value1&var2=value2&var3=value3'

R ← '&', QUERY_STRING

(+\R='&') ⊂ R

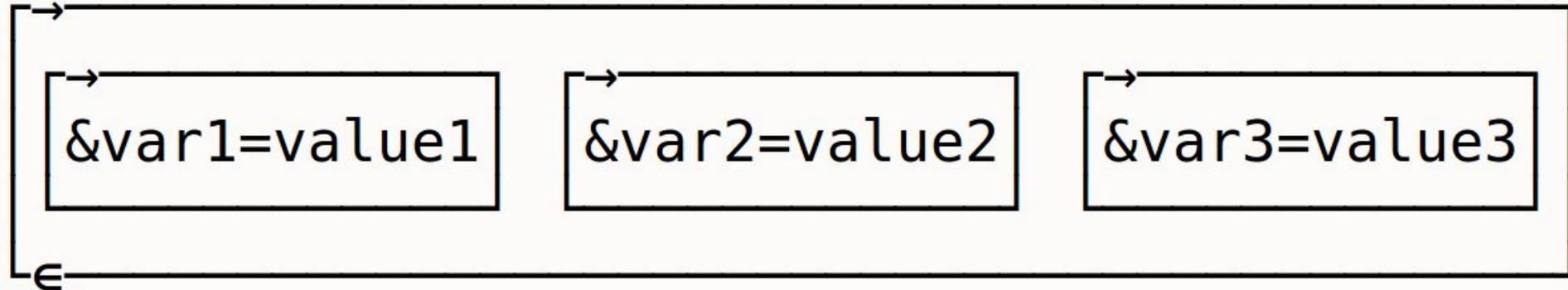
Demo

- Parsing a GET

QUERY_STRING ← 'var1=value1&var2=value2&var3=value3'

R ← '&', QUERY_STRING

(+\R='&') ⊂ R



Other Goodies

Indexing

Indexing

- Good algorithms are Index-Origin independent

Indexing

- Good algorithms are Index-Origin independent
- How to convert from $\square\text{IO} \leftarrow 0$ to $\square\text{IO} \leftarrow 1$

ALEX[2 3 4] $\ni \square\text{IO} \leftarrow 1$

ALEX[1 2 3] $\ni \square\text{IO} \leftarrow 0$

ALEX[$\square\text{IO} + 1$ 2 3] \ni Doesn't matter

Control structures

- None are built in

Control structures

- None are built in
- Branching and line labels are included.

Control structures

```
LDI r16,0b00000001  
CPI r16,0b00000001  
BRNE somewhere
```

```
RJMP continue  
somewhere:
```

```
continue:
```

```
r16←1  
result←r16=1  
→(result≠0)/somewhere
```

```
→continue  
somewhere:
```

```
continue:
```

Questions?

Thank You!